Mathematik / Grundrechenarten

Matheaufgaben für die 1. Klasse: Addition bis 20

Summand + Summand = Summe

1) $\_\_ + 14 = 15$ $\qquad$ $16 + 1 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $15 + \_\_ = 18$

$12 + 4 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 17 = 18$ $\qquad$ $13 + \_\_ = 16$

$11 + 8 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $15 + 2 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $11 + \_\_ = 18$

$\_\_ + 10 = 17$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 12 = 17$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 13 = 14$

$\_\_ + 12 = 19$ $\qquad$ $10 + \_\_ = 14$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 14 = 16$

2) $14 + 3 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 14 = 19$ $\qquad$ $10 + \_\_ = 13$

$\_\_ + 10 = 19$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 12 = 18$ $\qquad$ $11 + \_\_ = 12$

$10 + \_\_ = 15$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 10 = 11$ $\qquad$ $12 + 1 = \_\_$

$12 + 2 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 10 = 18$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 16 = 19$

$\_\_ + 11 = 13$ $\qquad$ $13 + 2 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $15 + \_\_ = 19$

3) $\_\_ + 11 = 17$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 10 = 12$ $\qquad$ $16 + \_\_ = 18$

$11 + \_\_ = 14$ $\qquad$ $14 + 4 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $11 + \_\_ = 15$

$13 + 4 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 15 = 16$ $\qquad$ $17 + \_\_ = 19$

$10 + 6 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 11 = 16$ $\qquad$ $13 + \_\_ = 19$

$18 + 1 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $13 + 5 = \_\_$ $\qquad$ $\_\_ + 12 = 15$

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Matheaufgaben für die 1. Klasse: Addition bis 20

Lösungen

1)

1 + 14 = 15	16 + 1 = 17	15 + 3 = 18
12 + 4 = 16	1 + 17 = 18	13 + 3 = 16
11 + 8 = 19	15 + 2 = 17	11 + 7 = 18
7 + 10 = 17	5 + 12 = 17	1 + 13 = 14
7 + 12 = 19	10 + 4 = 14	2 + 14 = 16

2)

14 + 3 = 17	5 + 14 = 19	10 + 3 = 13
9 + 10 = 19	6 + 12 = 18	11 + 1 = 12
10 + 5 = 15	1 + 10 = 11	12 + 1 = 13
12 + 2 = 14	8 + 10 = 18	3 + 16 = 19
2 + 11 = 13	13 + 2 = 15	15 + 4 = 19

3)

6 + 11 = 17	2 + 10 = 12	16 + 2 = 18
11 + 3 = 14	14 + 4 = 18	11 + 4 = 15
13 + 4 = 17	1 + 15 = 16	17 + 2 = 19
10 + 6 = 16	5 + 11 = 16	13 + 6 = 19
18 + 1 = 19	13 + 5 = 18	3 + 12 = 15